



**Accreditation Council for
Graduate Medical Education**

ACGME

Common Program Requirements

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Common Program Requirements

Note: The term “resident” in this document refers to both specialty residents and subspecialty fellows. Once the Common Program Requirements are inserted into each set of specialty and subspecialty requirements, the terms “resident” and “fellow” will be used respectively.

Introduction

Int.A. Residency is an essential dimension of the transformation of the medical student to the independent practitioner along the continuum of medical education. It is physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding, and requires longitudinally-concentrated effort on the part of the resident.

The specialty education of physicians to practice independently is experiential, and necessarily occurs within the context of the health care delivery system. Developing the skills, knowledge, and attitudes leading to proficiency in all the domains of clinical competency requires the resident physician to assume personal responsibility for the care of individual patients. For the resident, the essential learning activity is interaction with patients under the guidance and supervision of faculty members who give value, context, and meaning to those interactions. As residents gain experience and demonstrate growth in their ability to care for patients, they assume roles that permit them to exercise those skills with greater independence. This concept--graded and progressive responsibility--is one of the core tenets of American graduate medical education. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education has the goals of assuring the provision of safe and effective care to the individual patient; assuring each resident’s development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishing a foundation for continued professional growth.

I. Institutions

I.A. Sponsoring Institution

One sponsoring institution must assume ultimate responsibility for the program, as described in the Institutional Requirements, and this responsibility extends to resident assignments at all participating sites. ^{(Core)*}

The sponsoring institution and the program must ensure that the program director has sufficient protected time and financial support for his or her educational and administrative responsibilities to the program. ^(Core)

I.B. Participating Sites

I.B.1. There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required assignment. The PLA must be renewed at least every five years. ^(Detail)

The PLA should:

I.B.1.a) identify the faculty who will assume both educational and

- 52 supervisory responsibilities for residents; ^(Detail)
- 53
- 54 I.B.1.b) specify their responsibilities for teaching, supervision, and formal
55 evaluation of residents, as specified later in this document; ^(Detail)
- 56
- 57 I.B.1.c) specify the duration and content of the educational experience;
58 and, ^(Detail)
- 59
- 60 I.B.1.d) state the policies and procedures that will govern resident
61 education during the assignment. ^(Detail)
- 62
- 63 I.B.2. The program director must submit any additions or deletions of
64 participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required
65 for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through
66 the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME)
67 Accreditation Data System (ADS). ^(Core)
- 68
- 69 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
- 70
- 71 II. Program Personnel and Resources
- 72
- 73 II.A. Program Director
- 74
- 75 II.A.1. There must be a single program director with authority and accountability
76 for the operation of the program. The sponsoring institution's Graduate
77 Medical Education Committee (GMEC) must approve a change in
78 program director. ^(Core)
- 79
- 80 II.A.1.a) The program director must submit this change to the ACGME via
81 the ADS. ^(Core)
- 82
- 83 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
- 84
- 85 II.A.2. The program director should continue in his or her position for a length of
86 time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability.
87 ^(Detail)
- 88
- 89 II.A.3. Qualifications of the program director must include:
- 90
- 91 II.A.3.a) requisite specialty expertise and documented educational and
92 administrative experience acceptable to the Review Committee;
93 ^(Core)
- 94
- 95 II.A.3.b) current certification in the specialty by the American Board of
96 _____, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the
97 Review Committee; and, ^(Core)
- 98
- 99 II.A.3.c) current medical licensure and appropriate medical staff
100 appointment. ^(Core)
- 101
- 102 [As further specified by the Review Committee]

- 103
 104 II.A.4. The program director must administer and maintain an educational
 105 environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME
 106 competency areas. ^(Core)
 107
 108 The program director must:
 109
 110 II.A.4.a) oversee and ensure the quality of didactic and clinical education in
 111 all sites that participate in the program; ^(Core)
 112
 113 II.A.4.b) approve a local director at each participating site who is
 114 accountable for resident education; ^(Core)
 115
 116 II.A.4.c) approve the selection of program faculty as appropriate; ^(Core)
 117
 118 II.A.4.d) evaluate program faculty; ^(Core)
 119
 120 II.A.4.e) approve the continued participation of program faculty based on
 121 evaluation; ^(Core)
 122
 123 II.A.4.f) monitor resident supervision at all participating sites; ^(Core)
 124
 125 II.A.4.g) prepare and submit all information required and requested by the
 126 ACGME; ^(Core)
 127
 128 II.A.4.g).(1) This includes but is not limited to the program application
 129 forms and annual program resident updates to the ADS,
 130 and ensure that the information submitted is accurate and
 131 complete. ^(Core)
 132
 133 II.A.4.h) ensure compliance with grievance and due process procedures as
 134 set forth in the Institutional Requirements and implemented by the
 135 sponsoring institution; ^(Detail)
 136
 137 II.A.4.i) provide verification of residency education for all residents,
 138 including those who leave the program prior to completion; ^(Detail)
 139
 140 II.A.4.j) implement policies and procedures consistent with the institutional
 141 and program requirements for resident duty hours and the working
 142 environment, including moonlighting, ^(Core)
 143
 144 and, to that end, must:
 145
 146 II.A.4.j).(1) distribute these policies and procedures to the residents
 147 and faculty; ^(Detail)
 148
 149 II.A.4.j).(2) monitor resident duty hours, according to sponsoring
 150 institutional policies, with a frequency sufficient to ensure
 151 compliance with ACGME requirements; ^(Core)
 152
 153 II.A.4.j).(3) adjust schedules as necessary to mitigate excessive

154		service demands and/or fatigue; and, ^(Detail)
155		
156	II.A.4.j).(4)	if applicable, monitor the demands of at-home call and
157		adjust schedules as necessary to mitigate excessive
158		service demands and/or fatigue. ^(Detail)
159		
160	II.A.4.k)	monitor the need for and ensure the provision of back up support
161		systems when patient care responsibilities are unusually difficult
162		or prolonged; ^(Detail)
163		
164	II.A.4.l)	comply with the sponsoring institution's written policies and
165		procedures, including those specified in the Institutional
166		Requirements, for selection, evaluation and promotion of
167		residents, disciplinary action, and supervision of residents; ^(Detail)
168		
169	II.A.4.m)	be familiar with and comply with ACGME and Review Committee
170		policies and procedures as outlined in the ACGME Manual of
171		Policies and Procedures; ^(Detail)
172		
173	II.A.4.n)	obtain review and approval of the sponsoring institution's
174		GMEC/DIO before submitting information or requests to the
175		ACGME, including: ^(Core)
176		
177	II.A.4.n).(1)	all applications for ACGME accreditation of new programs;
178		^(Detail)
179		
180	II.A.4.n).(2)	changes in resident complement; ^(Detail)
181		
182	II.A.4.n).(3)	major changes in program structure or length of training;
183		^(Detail)
184		
185	II.A.4.n).(4)	progress reports requested by the Review Committee;
186		^(Detail)
187		
188	II.A.4.n).(5)	responses to all proposed adverse actions; ^(Detail)
189		
190	II.A.4.n).(6)	requests for increases or any change to resident duty
191		hours; ^(Detail)
192		
193	II.A.4.n).(7)	voluntary withdrawals of ACGME-accredited programs;
194		^(Detail)
195		
196	II.A.4.n).(8)	requests for appeal of an adverse action; ^(Detail)
197		
198	II.A.4.n).(9)	appeal presentations to a Board of Appeal or the ACGME;
199		and, ^(Detail)
200		
201	II.A.4.n).(10)	proposals to ACGME for approval of innovative
202		educational approaches. ^(Detail)
203		
204	II.A.4.o)	obtain DIO review and co-signature on all program application

- 205 forms, as well as any correspondence or document submitted to
 206 the ACGME that addresses: ^(Detail)
- 207
- 208 II.A.4.o).(1) program citations, and/or, ^(Detail)
- 209
- 210 II.A.4.o).(2) request for changes in the program that would have
 211 significant impact, including financial, on the program or
 212 institution. ^(Detail)
- 213
- 214 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
- 215
- 216 II.B. Faculty
- 217
- 218 II.B.1. At each participating site, there must be a sufficient number of faculty with
 219 documented qualifications to instruct and supervise all residents at that
 220 location. ^(Core)
- 221
- 222 The faculty must:
- 223
- 224 II.B.1.a) devote sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their
 225 supervisory and teaching responsibilities; and to demonstrate a
 226 strong interest in the education of residents, and ^(Core)
- 227
- 228 II.B.1.b) administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to
 229 educating residents in each of the ACGME competency areas.
 230 ^(Core)
- 231
- 232 II.B.2. The physician faculty must have current certification in the specialty by
 233 the American Board of _____, or possess qualifications judged
 234 acceptable to the Review Committee. ^(Core)
- 235
- 236 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
- 237
- 238 II.B.3. The physician faculty must possess current medical licensure and
 239 appropriate medical staff appointment. ^(Core)
- 240
- 241 II.B.4. The nonphysician faculty must have appropriate qualifications in their field
 242 and hold appropriate institutional appointments. ^(Core)
- 243
- 244 II.B.5. The faculty must establish and maintain an environment of inquiry and
 245 scholarship with an active research component. ^(Core)
- 246
- 247 II.B.5.a) The faculty must regularly participate in organized clinical
 248 discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. ^(Detail)
- 249
- 250 II.B.5.b) Some members of the faculty should also demonstrate
 251 scholarship by one or more of the following:
- 252
- 253 II.B.5.b).(1) peer-reviewed funding; ^(Detail)
- 254
- 255 II.B.5.b).(2) publication of original research or review articles in peer

256 reviewed journals, or chapters in textbooks; ^(Detail)
257
258 II.B.5.b).(3) publication or presentation of case reports or clinical series
259 at local, regional, or national professional and scientific
260 society meetings; or, ^(Detail)
261
262 II.B.5.b).(4) participation in national committees or educational
263 organizations. ^(Detail)
264
265 II.B.5.c) Faculty should encourage and support residents in scholarly
266 activities. ^(Core)
267
268 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
269
270 II.C. Other Program Personnel
271
272 The institution and the program must jointly ensure the availability of all
273 necessary professional, technical, and clerical personnel for the effective
274 administration of the program. ^(Core)
275
276 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
277
278 II.D. Resources
279
280 The institution and the program must jointly ensure the availability of adequate
281 resources for resident education, as defined in the specialty program
282 requirements. ^(Core)
283
284 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
285
286 II.E. Medical Information Access
287
288 Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate
289 reference material in print or electronic format. Electronic medical literature
290 databases with search capabilities should be available. ^(Detail)
291
292 III. Resident Appointments
293
294 III.A. Eligibility Criteria
295
296 The program director must comply with the criteria for resident eligibility as
297 specified in the Institutional Requirements. ^(Core)
298
299 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
300
301 III.A.1. Eligibility Requirements – Residency Programs
302
303 III.A.1.a) All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for
304 initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency
305 programs must be accomplished completed in ACGME-accredited
306 residency programs, or in Royal College of Physicians and

307 Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family
308 Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs
309 located in Canada. Residency programs must receive verification
310 of each applicant's level of competency in the required clinical
311 field using ACGME or CanMEDS Milestones assessments from
312 the prior training program. ^(Core)
313

314 III.A.1.b) A physician who has completed a residency program that was not
315 accredited by ACGME, RCPSC, or CFPC may enter an ACGME-
316 accredited residency program in the same specialty at the PGY-1
317 level and, at the discretion of the program director at the ACGME-
318 accredited program may be advanced to the PGY-2 level based
319 on ACGME Milestones assessments at the ACGME-accredited
320 program. This provision applies only to entry into residency in
321 those specialties for which an initial clinical year is not required for
322 entry. ^(Core)
323

324 III.A.1.c) A Review Committee may grant the exception to the eligibility
325 requirements specified in Section III.A.2.b). for residency
326 programs that require completion of a prerequisite residency
327 program prior to admission. ^(Core)
328

329 III.A.1.d) Review Committees will grant no other exceptions to these
330 eligibility requirements for residency education. ^(Core)
331

332 III.A.2. Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs

333

334 All required Prerequisite clinical education for entry into ACGME-
335 accredited fellowship programs must meet the following qualifications: be
336 completed in an ACGME-accredited residency program, or in an RCPSC-
337 accredited or CFPC- accredited residency program located in Canada.
338 ^(Core)
339

340 III.A.2.a) Fellowship programs must receive verification of each entering
341 fellow's level of competency in the required field using ACGME or
342 CanMEDS Milestones assessments from the core residency
343 program. ^(Core)
344

345 III.A.2.a) ~~for fellowship programs that require completion of a residency~~
346 ~~program, the completion of an ACGME-accredited residency~~
347 ~~program or an RCPSC-accredited residency program located in~~
348 ~~Canada.~~
349

350 III.A.2.b) ~~for fellowship programs that require completion of some clinical~~
351 ~~education, clinical education that is accomplished in ACGME-~~
352 ~~accredited residency programs or RCPSC-accredited residency~~
353 ~~programs located in Canada.~~
354

355 ~~[The Review Committee may specify that prerequisite clinical education~~
356 ~~must be accomplished only in ACGME-accredited programs.]~~
357

- 358 III.A.2.b) Fellow Eligibility Exception
- 359
- 360 A Review Committee may grant the following exception to the
- 361 fellowship eligibility requirements:
- 362
- 363 An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an
- 364 exceptionally qualified applicant** , who does not satisfy the
- 365 eligibility requirements listed in Sections III.A.2. and III.A.2.a), but
- 366 who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and
- 367 conditions: ^(Core)
- 368
- 369 III.A.2.b).(1) Assessment by the program director and fellowship
- 370 selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter
- 371 the program, based on prior training and review of the
- 372 summative evaluations of training in the core specialty; and
- 373 (Core)
- 374
- 375 III.A.2.b).(2) Review and approval of the applicant's exceptional
- 376 qualifications by the GMEC or a subcommittee of the
- 377 GMEC; and ^(Core)
- 378
- 379 III.A.2.b).(3) Satisfactory completion of the United States Medical
- 380 Licensing Examination (USMLE) Steps 1, 2, and, if the
- 381 applicant is eligible, 3, and; ^(Core)
- 382
- 383 III.A.2.b).(4) For an international graduate, verification of Educational
- 384 Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG)
- 385 certification; and, ^(Core)
- 386
- 387 III.A.2.b).(5) Applicants accepted by this exception must complete
- 388 fellowship Milestones evaluation (for the purposes of
- 389 establishment of baseline performance by the Clinical
- 390 Competency Committee), conducted by the receiving
- 391 fellowship program within six weeks of matriculation. This
- 392 evaluation may be waived for an applicant who has
- 393 completed an ACGME International-accredited residency
- 394 based on the applicant's Milestones evaluation conducted
- 395 at the conclusion of the residency program. ^(Core)
- 396
- 397 III.A.2.b).(5).(a) If the trainee does not meet the expected level of
- 398 Milestones competency following entry into the
- 399 fellowship program, the trainee must undergo a
- 400 period of remediation, overseen by the Clinical
- 401 Competency Committee and monitored by the
- 402 GMEC or a subcommittee of the GMEC. This
- 403 period of remediation must not count toward time in
- 404 fellowship training. ^(Core)
- 405

406 ** An exceptionally qualified applicant has (1) completed a non-

407 ACGME-accredited residency program in the core specialty, and

408 (2) demonstrated clinical excellence, in comparison to peers.

409 throughout training. Additional evidence of exceptional
410 qualifications is required, which may include one of the following:
411 (a) participation in additional clinical or research training in the
412 specialty or subspecialty; (b) demonstrated scholarship in the
413 specialty or subspecialty; (c) demonstrated leadership during or
414 after residency training; (d) completion of an ACGME-
415 International-accredited residency program.
416

417 [Each Review Committee will decide no later than December 31, 2013 whether the exception
418 specified above will be permitted. If the Review Committee will not allow this exception, the
419 program requirements will include the following statement]:
420

421 III.A.2.c) The Review Committee for _____ does not allow exceptions to the Eligibility
422 Requirements for Fellowship Programs in Section III.A.2. ^(Core)
423

424 III.B. Number of Residents
425

426 The program's educational resources must be adequate to support the number of
427 residents appointed to the program. ^(Core)
428

429 III.B.2. The program director may not appoint more residents than approved by
430 the Review Committee, unless otherwise stated in the specialty-specific
431 requirements. ^(Core)
432

433 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
434

435 III.C. Resident Transfers
436

437 III.C.2. Before accepting a resident who is transferring from another program, the
438 program director must obtain written or electronic verification of previous
439 educational experiences and a summative competency-based
440 performance evaluation of the transferring resident. ^(Detail)
441

442 III.C.3. A program director must provide timely verification of residency education
443 and summative performance evaluations for residents who may leave the
444 program prior to completion. ^(Detail)
445

446 III.D. Appointment of Fellows and Other Learners
447

448 The presence of other learners (including, but not limited to, residents from other
449 specialties, subspecialty fellows, PhD students, and nurse practitioners) in the
450 program must not interfere with the appointed residents' education. ^(Core)
451

452 III.D.2. The program director must report the presence of other learners to the
453 DIO and GMCC in accordance with sponsoring institution guidelines. ^(Detail)
454

455 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
456

457 IV. Educational Program
458

459 IV.A. The curriculum must contain the following educational components:

460		
461	IV.A.2.	Overall educational goals for the program, which the program must make
462		available to residents and faculty; ^(Core)
463		
464	IV.A.3.	Competency-based goals and objectives for each assignment at each
465		educational level, which the program must distribute to residents and
466		faculty at least annually, in either written or electronic form; ^(Core)
467		
468	IV.A.4.	Regularly scheduled didactic sessions; ^(Core)
469		
470	IV.A.5.	Delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive
471		responsibility for patient management, and supervision of residents over
472		the continuum of the program; and, ^(Core)
473		
474	IV.A.6.	ACGME Competencies
475		
476		The program must integrate the following ACGME competencies into the
477		curriculum: ^(Core)
478		
479	IV.A.6.b)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills
480		
481	IV.A.6.b).(1)	Residents must be able to provide patient care that is
482		compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment
483		of health problems and the promotion of health. Residents:
484		^(Outcome)
485		
486		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
487		
488	IV.A.6.b).(2)	Residents must be able to competently perform all
489		medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered
490		essential for the area of practice. Residents: ^(Outcome)
491		
492		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
493		
494	IV.A.6.c)	Medical Knowledge
495		
496		Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and
497		evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological and social-
498		behavioral sciences, as well as the application of this knowledge
499		to patient care. Residents: ^(Outcome)
500		
501		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
502		
503	IV.A.6.d)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement
504		
505		Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate
506		their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific
507		evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on
508		constant self-evaluation and life-long learning. ^(Outcome)
509		
510		Residents are expected to develop skills and habits to be able to

- 511 meet the following goals:
- 512
- 513 IV.A.6.d).(1) identify strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's
514 knowledge and expertise; ^(Outcome)
- 515
- 516 IV.A.6.d).(2) set learning and improvement goals; ^(Outcome)
- 517
- 518 IV.A.6.d).(3) identify and perform appropriate learning activities; ^(Outcome)
- 519
- 520 IV.A.6.d).(4) systematically analyze practice using quality improvement
521 methods, and implement changes with the goal of practice
522 improvement; ^(Outcome)
- 523
- 524 IV.A.6.d).(5) incorporate formative evaluation feedback into daily
525 practice; ^(Outcome)
- 526
- 527 IV.A.6.d).(6) locate, appraise, and assimilate evidence from scientific
528 studies related to their patients' health problems; ^(Outcome)
- 529
- 530 IV.A.6.d).(7) use information technology to optimize learning; and,
531 ^(Outcome)
- 532
- 533 IV.A.6.d).(8) participate in the education of patients, families, students,
534 residents and other health professionals. ^(Outcome)
- 535

[As further specified by the Review Committee]

- 537 IV.A.6.e) Interpersonal and Communication Skills
- 538
- 539 Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication
540 skills that result in the effective exchange of information and
541 collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals.
542 ^(Outcome)
- 543
- 544
- 545 Residents are expected to:
- 546
- 547 IV.A.6.e).(1) communicate effectively with patients, families, and the
548 public, as appropriate, across a broad range of
549 socioeconomic and cultural backgrounds; ^(Outcome)
- 550
- 551 IV.A.6.e).(2) communicate effectively with physicians, other health
552 professionals, and health related agencies; ^(Outcome)
- 553
- 554 IV.A.6.e).(3) work effectively as a member or leader of a health care
555 team or other professional group; ^(Outcome)
- 556
- 557 IV.A.6.e).(4) act in a consultative role to other physicians and health
558 professionals; and, ^(Outcome)
- 559
- 560 IV.A.6.e).(5) maintain comprehensive, timely, and legible medical
561 records, if applicable. ^(Outcome)

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612

[As further specified by the Review Committee]

IV.A.6.f)

Professionalism

Residents must demonstrate a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical principles. ^(Outcome)

Residents are expected to demonstrate:

IV.A.6.f).(1)

compassion, integrity, and respect for others; ^(Outcome)

IV.A.6.f).(2)

responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; ^(Outcome)

IV.A.6.f).(3)

respect for patient privacy and autonomy; ^(Outcome)

IV.A.6.f).(4)

accountability to patients, society and the profession; and, ^(Outcome)

IV.A.6.f).(5)

sensitivity and responsiveness to a diverse patient population, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, and sexual orientation. ^(Outcome)

[As further specified by the Review Committee]

IV.A.6.g)

Systems-based Practice

Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources in the system to provide optimal health care. ^(Outcome)

Residents are expected to:

IV.A.6.g).(1)

work effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty; ^(Outcome)

IV.A.6.g).(2)

coordinate patient care within the health care system relevant to their clinical specialty; ^(Outcome)

IV.A.6.g).(3)

incorporate considerations of cost awareness and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate; ^(Outcome)

IV.A.6.g).(4)

advocate for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems; ^(Outcome)

IV.A.6.g).(5)

work in interprofessional teams to enhance patient safety

613		and improve patient care quality; and, ^(Outcome)
614		
615	IV.A.6.g).(6)	participate in identifying system errors and implementing
616		potential systems solutions. ^(Outcome)
617		
618		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
619		
620	IV.B.	Residents' Scholarly Activities
621		
622	IV.B.2.	The curriculum must advance residents' knowledge of the basic principles
623		of research, including how research is conducted, evaluated, explained to
624		patients, and applied to patient care. ^(Core)
625		
626	IV.B.3.	Residents should participate in scholarly activity. ^(Core)
627		
628		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
629		
630	IV.B.4.	The sponsoring institution and program should allocate adequate
631		educational resources to facilitate resident involvement in scholarly
632		activities. ^(Detail)
633		
634		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
635		
636	V.	Evaluation
637		
638	V.A.	Resident Evaluation
639		
640	V.A.2.	The program director must appoint the Clinical Competency Committee.
641		^(Core)
642		
643	V.A.2.b)	At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must be
644		composed of three members of the program faculty. ^(Core)
645		
646	V.A.2.b).(1)	Others eligible for appointment to the committee include
647		faculty from other programs and non-physician members of
648		the health care team. ^(Detail)
649		
650	V.A.2.c)	There must be a written description of the responsibilities of the
651		Clinical Competency Committee. ^(Core)
652		
653	V.A.2.c).(1)	The Clinical Competency Committee should:
654		
655	V.A.2.c).(1).(a)	review all resident evaluations semi-annually; ^(Core)
656		
657	V.A.2.c).(1).(b)	prepare and assure the reporting of Milestones
658		evaluations of each resident semi-annually to
659		ACGME; and, ^(Core)
660		
661	V.A.2.c).(1).(c)	advise the program director regarding resident
662		progress, including promotion, remediation, and
663		dismissal. ^(Detail)

664		
665	V.A.3.	Formative Evaluation
666		
667	V.A.3.b)	The faculty must evaluate resident performance in a timely manner during each rotation or similar educational assignment, and document this evaluation at completion of the assignment.
668		
669		(Core)
670		
671		
672	V.A.3.c)	The program must:
673		
674	V.A.3.c).(1)	provide objective assessments of competence in patient care and procedural skills, medical knowledge, practice-based learning and improvement, interpersonal and communication skills, professionalism, and systems-based practice based on the specialty-specific Milestones; (Core)
675		
676		
677		
678		
679		
680	V.A.3.c).(2)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff); (Detail)
681		
682		
683	V.A.3.c).(3)	document progressive resident performance improvement appropriate to educational level; and, (Core)
684		
685		
686	V.A.3.c).(4)	provide each resident with documented semiannual evaluation of performance with feedback. (Core)
687		
688		
689	V.A.3.d)	The evaluations of resident performance must be accessible for review by the resident, in accordance with institutional policy. (Detail)
690		
691		
692	V.A.4.	Summative Evaluation
693		
694	V.A.4.b)	The specialty-specific Milestones must be used as one of the tools to ensure residents are able to practice core professional activities without supervision upon completion of the program. (Core)
695		
696		
697		
698	V.A.4.c)	The program director must provide a summative evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
699		
700		
701		This evaluation must:
702		
703	V.A.4.c).(1)	become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy; (Detail)
704		
705		
706		
707		
708	V.A.4.c).(2)	document the resident's performance during the final period of education; and, (Detail)
709		
710		
711	V.A.4.c).(3)	verify that the resident has demonstrated sufficient competence to enter practice without direct supervision. (Detail)
712		
713		
714		

715	V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	
716			
717	V.B.2.	At least annually, the program must evaluate faculty performance as it relates to the educational program. ^(Core)	
718			
719			
720	V.B.3.	These evaluations should include a review of the faculty's clinical teaching abilities, commitment to the educational program, clinical knowledge, professionalism, and scholarly activities. ^(Detail)	
721			
722			
723			
724	V.B.4.	This evaluation must include at least annual written confidential evaluations by the residents. ^(Detail)	
725			
726			
727	V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	
728			
729	V.C.2.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee (PEC). ^(Core)	
730			
731			
732	V.C.2.b)	The Program Evaluation Committee:	
733			
734	V.C.2.b).(1)	must be composed of at least two program faculty members and should include at least one resident; ^(Core)	
735			
736			
737	V.C.2.b).(2)	must have a written description of its responsibilities; and, ^(Core)	
738			
739			
740	V.C.2.b).(3)	should participate actively in:	
741			
742	V.C.2.b).(3).(a)	planning, developing, implementing, and evaluating educational activities of the program; ^(Detail)	
743			
744			
745	V.C.2.b).(3).(b)	reviewing and making recommendations for revision of competency-based curriculum goals and objectives; ^(Detail)	
746			
747			
748			
749	V.C.2.b).(3).(c)	addressing areas of non-compliance with ACGME standards; and, ^(Detail)	
750			
751			
752	V.C.2.b).(3).(d)	reviewing the program annually using evaluations of faculty, residents, and others, as specified below. ^(Detail)	
753			
754			
755			
756	V.C.3.	The program, through the PEC, must document formal, systematic evaluation of the curriculum at least annually, and is responsible for rendering a written and Annual Program Evaluation (APE). ^(Core)	
757			
758			
759			
760		The program must monitor and track each of the following areas:	
761			
762	V.C.3.b)	resident performance; ^(Core)	
763			
764	V.C.3.c)	faculty development; ^(Core)	
765			

766	V.C.3.d)	graduate performance, including performance of program graduates on the certification examination; ^(Core)
767		
768		
769	V.C.3.e)	program quality; and, ^(Core)
770		
771	V.C.3.e).(1)	Residents and faculty must have the opportunity to evaluate the program confidentially and in writing at least annually, and ^(Detail)
772		
773		
774		
775	V.C.3.e).(2)	The program must use the results of residents' and faculty members' assessments of the program together with other program evaluation results to improve the program. ^(Detail)
776		
777		
778		
779	V.C.3.f)	progress on the previous year's action plan(s). ^(Core)
780		
781	V.C.4.	The PEC must prepare a written plan of action to document initiatives to improve performance in one or more of the areas listed in section V.C.2., as well as delineate how they will be measured and monitored. ^(Core)
782		
783		
784		
785	V.C.4.b)	The action plan should be reviewed and approved by the teaching faculty and documented in meeting minutes. ^(Detail)
786		
787		
788	VI.	Resident Duty Hours in the Learning and Working Environment
789		
790	VI.A.	Professionalism, Personal Responsibility, and Patient Safety
791		
792	VI.A.2.	Programs and sponsoring institutions must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional responsibilities of physicians to appear for duty appropriately rested and fit to provide the services required by their patients. ^(Core)
793		
794		
795		
796		
797	VI.A.3.	The program must be committed to and responsible for promoting patient safety and resident well-being in a supportive educational environment. ^(Core)
798		
799		
800		
801	VI.A.4.	The program director must ensure that residents are integrated and actively participate in interdisciplinary clinical quality improvement and patient safety programs. ^(Core)
802		
803		
804		
805	VI.A.5.	The learning objectives of the program must:
806		
807	VI.A.5.b)	be accomplished through an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events; and, ^(Core)
808		
809		
810		
811	VI.A.5.c)	not be compromised by excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician service obligations. ^(Core)
812		
813		
814	VI.A.6.	The program director and institution must ensure a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. ^(Core)
815		
816		

817		
818	VI.A.7.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding and
819		acceptance of their personal role in the following:
820		
821	VI.A.7.b)	assurance of the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their
822		care; ^(Outcome)
823		
824	VI.A.7.c)	provision of patient- and family-centered care; ^(Outcome)
825		
826	VI.A.7.d)	assurance of their fitness for duty; ^(Outcome)
827		
828	VI.A.7.e)	management of their time before, during, and after clinical
829		assignments; ^(Outcome)
830		
831	VI.A.7.f)	recognition of impairment, including illness and fatigue, in
832		themselves and in their peers; ^(Outcome)
833		
834	VI.A.7.g)	attention to lifelong learning; ^(Outcome)
835		
836	VI.A.7.h)	the monitoring of their patient care performance improvement
837		indicators; and, ^(Outcome)
838		
839	VI.A.7.i)	honest and accurate reporting of duty hours, patient outcomes,
840		and clinical experience data. ^(Outcome)
841		
842	VI.A.8.	All residents and faculty members must demonstrate responsiveness to
843		patient needs that supersedes self-interest. They must recognize that
844		under certain circumstances, the best interests of the patient may be
845		served by transitioning that patient's care to another qualified and rested
846		provider. ^(Outcome)
847		
848	VI.B.	Transitions of Care
849		
850	VI.B.2.	Programs must design clinical assignments to minimize the number of
851		transitions in patient care. ^(Core)
852		
853	VI.B.3.	Sponsoring institutions and programs must ensure and monitor effective,
854		structured hand-over processes to facilitate both continuity of care and
855		patient safety. ^(Core)
856		
857	VI.B.4.	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating
858		with team members in the hand-over process. ^(Outcome)
859		
860	VI.B.5.	The sponsoring institution must ensure the availability of schedules that
861		inform all members of the health care team of attending physicians and
862		residents currently responsible for each patient's care. ^(Detail)
863		
864	VI.C.	Alertness Management/Fatigue Mitigation
865		
866	VI.C.2.	The program must:
867		

- 868 VI.C.2.b) educate all faculty members and residents to recognize the signs
869 of fatigue and sleep deprivation; ^(Core)
870
- 871 VI.C.2.c) educate all faculty members and residents in alertness
872 management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, ^(Core)
873
- 874 VI.C.2.d) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential
875 negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as
876 naps or back-up call schedules. ^(Detail)
877
- 878 VI.C.3. Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in
879 the event that a resident may be unable to perform his/her patient care
880 duties. ^(Core)
881
- 882 VI.C.4. The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities and/or
883 safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to
884 safely return home. ^(Core)
885
- 886 VI.D. Supervision of Residents
887
- 888 VI.D.2. In the clinical learning environment, each patient must have an
889 identifiable, appropriately-credentialed and privileged attending physician
890 (or licensed independent practitioner as approved by each Review
891 Committee) who is ultimately responsible for that patient's care. ^(Core)
892
- 893 VI.D.2.b) This information should be available to residents, faculty
894 members, and patients. ^(Detail)
895
- 896 VI.D.2.c) Residents and faculty members should inform patients of their
897 respective roles in each patient's care. ^(Detail)
898
- 899 VI.D.3. The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision
900 is in place for all residents who care for patients. ^(Core)
901
- 902 Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods. Some
903 activities require the physical presence of the supervising faculty member.
904 For many aspects of patient care, the supervising physician may be a
905 more advanced resident or fellow. Other portions of care provided by the
906 resident can be adequately supervised by the immediate availability of the
907 supervising faculty member or resident physician, either in the institution,
908 or by means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities. In some
909 circumstances, supervision may include post-hoc review of resident-
910 delivered care with feedback as to the appropriateness of that care. ^(Detail)
911
- 912 VI.D.4. Levels of Supervision
913
- 914 To ensure oversight of resident supervision and graded authority and
915 responsibility, the program must use the following classification of
916 supervision: ^(Core)
917
- 918 VI.D.4.b) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically

919		present with the resident and patient. ^(Core)
920		
921	VI.D.4.c)	Indirect Supervision:
922		
923	VI.D.4.c).(1)	with direct supervision immediately available – the
924		supervising physician is physically within the hospital or
925		other site of patient care, and is immediately available to
926		provide Direct Supervision. ^(Core)
927		
928	VI.D.4.c).(2)	with direct supervision available – the supervising
929		physician is not physically present within the hospital or
930		other site of patient care, but is immediately available by
931		means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities, and is
932		available to provide Direct Supervision. ^(Core)
933		
934	VI.D.4.d)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide
935		review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after
936		care is delivered. ^(Core)
937		
938	VI.D.5.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional
939		independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each
940		resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members.
941		^(Core)
942		
943	VI.D.5.b)	The program director must evaluate each resident’s abilities
944		based on specific criteria. When available, evaluation should be
945		guided by specific national standards-based criteria. ^(Core)
946		
947	VI.D.5.c)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians should
948		delegate portions of care to residents, based on the needs of the
949		patient and the skills of the residents. ^(Detail)
950		
951	VI.D.5.d)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role of
952		junior residents in recognition of their progress toward
953		independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills
954		of the individual resident or fellow. ^(Detail)
955		
956	VI.D.6.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which
957		residents must communicate with appropriate supervising faculty
958		members, such as the transfer of a patient to an intensive care unit, or
959		end-of-life decisions. ^(Core)
960		
961	VI.D.6.b)	Each resident must know the limits of his/her scope of authority,
962		and the circumstances under which he/she is permitted to act with
963		conditional independence. ^(Outcome)
964		
965	VI.D.6.b).(1)	In particular, PGY-1 residents should be supervised either
966		directly or indirectly with direct supervision immediately
967		available. [Each Review Committee will describe the
968		achieved competencies under which PGY-1 residents
969		progress to be supervised indirectly, with direct supervision

970		available.] ^(Core)
971		
972	VI.D.7.	Faculty supervision assignments should be of sufficient duration to
973		assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and delegate to him/her
974		the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. ^(Detail)
975		
976	VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities
977		
978		The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY-level,
979		patient safety, resident education, severity and complexity of patient
980		illness/condition and available support services. ^(Core)
981		
982		[Optimal clinical workload will be further specified by each Review Committee.]
983		
984	VI.F.	Teamwork
985		
986		Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes effective
987		communication. This must include the opportunity to work as a member of
988		effective interprofessional teams that are appropriate to the delivery of care in the
989		specialty. ^(Core)
990		
991		[Each Review Committee will define the elements that must be present in each
992		specialty.]
993		
994	VI.G.	Resident Duty Hours
995		
996	VI.G.2.	Maximum Hours of Work per Week
997		
998		Duty hours must be limited to 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-
999		week period, inclusive of all in-house call activities and all moonlighting.
1000		^(Core)
1001		
1002	VI.G.2.b)	Duty Hour Exceptions
1003		
1004		A Review Committee may grant exceptions for up to 10% or a
1005		maximum of 88 hours to individual programs based on a sound
1006		educational rationale. ^(Detail)
1007		
1008	VI.G.2.b).(1)	In preparing a request for an exception the program
1009		director must follow the duty hour exception policy from the
1010		ACGME Manual on Policies and Procedures. ^(Detail)
1011		
1012	VI.G.2.b).(2)	Prior to submitting the request to the Review Committee,
1013		the program director must obtain approval of the
1014		institution's GMCC and DIO. ^(Detail)
1015		
1016	VI.G.3.	Moonlighting
1017		
1018	VI.G.3.b)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to
1019		achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program. ^(Core)
1020		

1021	VI.G.3.c)	Time spent by residents in Internal and External Moonlighting (as
1022		defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted
1023		towards the 80-hour Maximum Weekly Hour Limit. ^(Core)
1024		
1025	VI.G.3.d)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. ^(Core)
1026		
1027	VI.G.4.	Mandatory Time Free of Duty
1028		
1029		Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day free of duty every
1030		week (when averaged over four weeks). At-home call cannot be assigned
1031		on these free days. ^(Core)
1032		
1033	VI.G.5.	Maximum Duty Period Length
1034		
1035	VI.G.5.b)	Duty periods of PGY-1 residents must not exceed 16 hours in
1036		duration. ^(Core)
1037		
1038	VI.G.5.c)	Duty periods of PGY-2 residents and above may be scheduled to
1039		a maximum of 24 hours of continuous duty in the hospital. ^(Core)
1040		
1041	VI.G.5.c).(1)	Programs must encourage residents to use alertness
1042		management strategies in the context of patient care
1043		responsibilities. Strategic napping, especially after 16
1044		hours of continuous duty and between the hours of 10:00
1045		p.m. and 8:00 a.m., is strongly suggested. ^(Detail)
1046		
1047	VI.G.5.c).(2)	It is essential for patient safety and resident education that
1048		effective transitions in care occur. Residents may be
1049		allowed to remain on-site in order to accomplish these
1050		tasks; however, this period of time must be no longer than
1051		an additional four hours. ^(Core)
1052		
1053	VI.G.5.c).(3)	Residents must not be assigned additional clinical
1054		responsibilities after 24 hours of continuous in-house duty.
1055		^(Core)
1056		
1057	VI.G.5.c).(4)	In unusual circumstances, residents, on their own initiative,
1058		may remain beyond their scheduled period of duty to
1059		continue to provide care to a single patient. Justifications
1060		for such extensions of duty are limited to reasons of
1061		required continuity for a severely ill or unstable patient,
1062		academic importance of the events transpiring, or
1063		humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or family.
1064		^(Detail)
1065		
1066	VI.G.5.c).(4).(a)	Under those circumstances, the resident must:
1067		
1068	VI.G.5.c).(4).(a).(i)	appropriately hand over the care of all other
1069		patients to the team responsible for their
1070		continuing care; and, ^(Detail)
1071		

1072	VI.G.5.c).(4).(a).(ii)	document the reasons for remaining to care
1073		for the patient in question and submit that
1074		documentation in every circumstance to the
1075		program director. ^(Detail)
1076		
1077	VI.G.5.c).(4).(b)	The program director must review each submission
1078		of additional service, and track both individual
1079		resident and program-wide episodes of additional
1080		duty. ^(Detail)
1081		
1082	VI.G.6.	Minimum Time Off between Scheduled Duty Periods
1083		
1084	VI.G.6.b)	PGY-1 residents should have 10 hours, and must have eight
1085		hours, free of duty between scheduled duty periods. ^(Core)
1086		
1087	VI.G.6.c)	Intermediate-level residents [as defined by the Review Committee]
1088		should have 10 hours free of duty, and must have eight hours
1089		between scheduled duty periods. They must have at least 14
1090		hours free of duty after 24 hours of in-house duty. ^(Core)
1091		
1092	VI.G.6.d)	Residents in the final years of education [as defined by the
1093		Review Committee] must be prepared to enter the unsupervised
1094		practice of medicine and care for patients over irregular or
1095		extended periods. ^(Outcome)
1096		
1097	VI.G.6.d).(1)	This preparation must occur within the context of the 80-
1098		hour, maximum duty period length, and one-day-off-in-
1099		seven standards. While it is desirable that residents in their
1100		final years of education have eight hours free of duty
1101		between scheduled duty periods, there may be
1102		circumstances [as defined by the Review Committee] when
1103		these residents must stay on duty to care for their patients
1104		or return to the hospital with fewer than eight hours free of
1105		duty. ^(Detail)
1106		
1107	VI.G.6.d).(1).(a)	Circumstances of return-to-hospital activities with
1108		fewer than eight hours away from the hospital by
1109		residents in their final years of education must be
1110		monitored by the program director. ^(Detail)
1111		
1112	VI.G.7.	Maximum Frequency of In-House Night Float
1113		
1114		Residents must not be scheduled for more than six consecutive nights of
1115		night float. ^(Core)
1116		
1117		[The maximum number of consecutive weeks of night float, and maximum
1118		number of months of night float per year may be further specified by the
1119		Review Committee.]
1120		
1121	VI.G.8.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency
1122		

1123 PGY-2 residents and above must be scheduled for in-house call no more
1124 frequently than every-third-night (when averaged over a four-week
1125 period). ^(Core)
1126
1127 VI.G.9. At-Home Call
1128
1129 VI.G.9.b) Time spent in the hospital by residents on at-home call must count
1130 towards the 80-hour maximum weekly hour limit. The frequency of
1131 at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but
1132 must satisfy the requirement for one-day-in-seven free of duty,
1133 when averaged over four weeks. ^(Core)
1134
1135 VI.G.9.b).(1) At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to
1136 preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each
1137 resident. ^(Core)
1138
1139 VI.G.9.c) Residents are permitted to return to the hospital while on at-home
1140 call to care for new or established patients. Each episode of this
1141 type of care, while it must be included in the 80-hour weekly
1142 maximum, will not initiate a new “off-duty period”. ^(Detail)
1143
1144 ***
1145
1146 ***Core Requirements:** Statements that define structure, resource, or process elements essential to every
1147 graduate medical educational program.
1148 **Detail Requirements:** Statements that describe a specific structure, resource, or process, for achieving
1149 compliance with a Core Requirement. Programs in substantial compliance with the Outcome
1150 Requirements may utilize alternative or innovative approaches to meet Core Requirements.
1151 **Outcome Requirements:** Statements that specify expected measurable or observable attributes
1152 (knowledge, abilities, skills, or attitudes) of residents or fellows at key stages of their graduate medical
1153 education.